**2020泉州七中高一年上学期英语考试**

**第一部分：听力（共两节，满分30分）**

**第一节 (共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分)**

1. What kind of movie will the speakers watch?

A. An action movie. B. A comedy. C. A thriller.

2. What is the matter with the man?

A. He tied in a wrong way.

B. He is not fit to wear a tie.

C. He is wearing a tie in a wrong color.

3. What do we know about the woman?

A. She is not hungry. B. She doesn’t like bread. C. She will eat the bread.

4. What does the man mean?

A. He’s sure to pass the test.

B. He also thinks the test difficult.

C. He hopes the woman can pass the test.

5. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

A. A job position. B. A sales engineer. C. An electrical company.

**第二节(共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分)**

听第6段材料，回答第6、7题。

6. What relation is the woman to Dr. Carlton?

A. His secretary. B. His wife. C. His student.

7. What will the man do next?

A. Book a flight. B. Make an appointment. C. See a doctor.

听第7段材料，回答第8、9题。

8. What is the purpose of the survey?

A. To do a market research. B. To introduce a new product.

C. To persuade people to apply for credit cards.

9. What does the man ask the woman to do?

A. Fill out a form. B. Sign a form. C. Pay his credit card bills.

听第8段材料，回答第10至12题。

10. Where will the party be held?

A. In a café. B. In a club. C. In the dining hall.

11. How many people are expected to be present at the party?

A. 8. B. 9. C. 10.

12. What will the woman do later?

A. Go on the Internet. B. Book a place. C. Listen to music.

听第9段材料，回答第13至16题。

13. What are the speakers doing?

A. Buying books. B. Putting books in order.

C. Checking the information of some books.

14. Who is the writer of *Wine Science*?

A. MacLean. B. George Brown. C. Bookman.

15. What does the woman say about *Grape Growing*?

A. It is quite expensive. B. It is a classic course book.

C. It won’t be used in second year.

16. How much does *Wine Making* cost?

A. $13. B. $30. C. $45.

听第10段材料，回答第17至20题。

17. What does the speaker do?

A. A tour guide. B. An artist. C. A photographer.

18. When will the group arrive in India?

A. On the 5th of November. B. On the 6th of November. C. On the 7th of November.

19. How many types of birds are there in the wildlife park?

A. About 10. B. About 20. C. About 300.

20. What can people in the group do in New Delhi?

A. Go sightseeing or go shopping.

B. Travel around on elephants.

C. Have lunch and dinner.

**第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分35分）**

**第一节（共10小题；每小题2.5分，满分25分）**

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

**A**

Top attractions

Amsterdam is most famous for its artistic heritage. This tradition is proudly on display in the Rijksmuseum (translates as State Museum). Once youˈve taken in all that has to offer, artists, history fans, and families shouldn’t pass up the chance to visit the Van Gogh Museum – containing around 700 paintings and drawings by Vincent and his contemporaries, including Gauguin, Monet, and Toulouse-Lautrec.

Amsterdam is also home to the Anne Frank Museum, where Anne hid with her family during the Nazi occupation of The Netherlands. On a lighter note, taking a canal cruise through its extensive waterways is a rewarding way to see the Dutch capital.

**Art lovers get their kicks at:**

•The Van Gogh Museum;

•Rijksmuseum;

•Museum het Rembrandthuis.

Food and drink

Cheese lovers love Amsterdam. You can find an excuse to eat cheese at any time of the day here. Gouda is Holland’s favorite, developing a more intense flavor the longer it’s aged. Find a selection at the markets, try a cheeseboard at dinner time, or just order cubes with mustard for dipping to accompany a drink.

When you’re hungry for non-cheese food groups, youˈll find Michelin-starred restaurants, vegetarian, and organic restaurants that accompany an array of global cuisine. For old-fashioned and modern Dutch food, try these Amsterdam restaurants: Moeders, Haesje Claes, Loetje, Greetje, and De Silveren Spiegel.

**Don’t leave without tasting:**

•Patat (hot chips with toppings);

•Stroopwafel (waffle cookie);

•Chocomel (chocolate milk).

**Amsterdam Fast Facts**

**Approximate flight times**

• NYC/Newark 7 hours, 20 minutes

• Philadelphia 8 hours

• Boston 7 hours

• Miami 9 hours, 45 minutes

• Los Angeles 10 hours, 15 minutes

**Entry requirements**

Passport must be valid for at least 3 months beyond your planned departure from the Schengen area and have 2 blank pages for entry stamp.

21. Where can visitors see Monet’s paintings?

A. Rijksmuseum. B. The Van Gogh Museum.

C. Museum het Rembrandthuis. D. The Anne Frank Museum.

22.  What is the best choice for a cheese lover?

A. Patat. B. Stroopwafel. C. Chocomel. D. Gouda.

23. Who is this tour guide written for ?

A.  Germans. B. Dutchmen. C. Americans. D. Frenchmen.

**B**

We all like watching online videos of dogs and cats doing funny things. But if you had to decide, which of the two animals would you say you might like better? Your answer may say something about your personality.  
      According to a 2010 study led by Sam Gosling, a scientist at the University of Texas, US, dog people are about 15 percent more outgoing and 13 percent more pleasant to be friends with than cat people.  
  This is not hard to understand, since cats and dogs behave differently themselves. "Cats will occasionally engage in social activities, but usually after only a few minutes, they will abandon the game. Dogs, on the other hand, will often engage in play, like fetching a thrown ball, for hours at a time," said Modern Dog Magazine.

     Although cat people are less social, Gosling's study showed that they are 11 percent more open-minded than dog people. They usually like art, adventures and unusual ideas. They also have more imagination and curiosity. But dog people are more likely to stick to old beliefs and traditional interests.  
      However, their love of a free lifestyle also means that cat people dislike making plans. They just follow whatever ideas pop into their heads without planning ahead. But dog people are different. They usually have strong self-control and like to carry out their plans.

      Despite these big differences between dog people and cat people, there are some things that they have in common. "Both types of people consider themselves close to nature, dislike animal-print clothing, and are generally optimists," noted Mother Nature Network.

      But can personality change? Can a cat person become a dog person, or the other way around? In a study done by Stanley Coren, a scientist based in Canada, he asked cat owners: "If you had enough living space and there were no objections form other people in your life, and someone gave you a puppy as a gift, would you keep it?"

      About 68 percent of them said they would not accept a dog as a pet. But when dog owners were asked the same question about a kitten, almost 70 percent said they would allow a cat into their lives.

24. According to the article, compared with cat people, dog people \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. perform better in school B. are more open-minded C. have closer friends D. are more traditional

25. What does the underlined phrase "engage in" in Paragraph 3 probably means?

A. take little interest in B.  take part in C.  benefit from D. suffer from

26.  What do cat people and dog people have in common?

A. Both of them like planning ahead. B. Both of them love travelling and adventures.

C. Both of them are imaginative and curious. D. Both of them care about nature.

**C**

The world’s first luxury space hotel, Aurora Station, was announced Thursday at the Space 2.0 Summit in San Jose, California. Developed by US-based space technology start-up Orion Span, the space station will host six people at a time, including two crew members, for 12-day trips of space travel. It plans to welcome its first guests in 2022.

“Our goal is to make space accessible to all, "Frank Bunger, CEO and founder of Orion Span, said in a statement."Upon launch, Aurora Station goes into service immediately, bringing travelers into space quickly and at a lower price point than ever seen before."

While a$10 million trip is outside the budget of most people’s two-week vacations, Orion Span promises to offer a real astronaut experience."It has taken what was historically a 24-month training to prepare travelers to visit a space station and downsized it to three months, at a fraction(小部分)of the cost," says Bunger. During their 12-day adventure, the super-rich travelers will fly at a height of 200 miles above the Earth’s surface in Low Earth Orbit (轨道), where they will witness incredible views of the blue planet. The hotel will orbit Earth every 90 minutes, which means guests will see around 16 sunrises and sunsets every 24 hours.

Activities on board include taking part in research experiments such as growing food while in orbit, which guests can take home for a super-smug souvenir, and soaring over their hometown. Guests can have-live-video chats with their less-fortunate loved ones back home via high-speed wireless Internet access and, upon returning to Earth will be greeted with a specially arranged hero’s welcome. While enjoying the thrills of zero gravity the travelers will be able to float freely through the hotel, taking in views of the northern and southern aurora from the station’s windows.

Deposits(订金) are already being accepted for future stays on the space hotel.

27.  what can we know about Aurora Station?

A. It was set up in San Jose, California. B. It is created by an international company.

C. It will host eight people at a time. D. It wonˈt be put into operation until 2022.

28. what is the purpose in building Aurora Station?

A. To popularize the astronaut experience. B. To make profits through this new industry.

C. To cut down the cost for space research. D. To arouse the publicˈs awareness of science.

29. Who could be the most likely potential customers of Aurora Station?

A. All human beings. B. Would-be astronauts.

C. Wealthy travelers. D. Specially trained researchers.

30. Which is NOT a special experience guests can enjoy aboard Aurora Station?

A. Getting involved in scientific experiments.

B. Having live video chats with people on earth.

C. Being greeted with a specially arranged welcome.

D. Floating freely through the hotel with zero gravity.

**第二节（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）**

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Do you feel nervous and stressed about living in the dormitory (宿舍)? Sharing a room with strangers may be challenging at the beginning, but it will turn out to be a precious experience in your life. Here are some tips on how to become best friends with your dormmates.

    Agree on Some Basic Rules

       31   . Make a list of the things that are/aren't allowed to both of you and stick to it.

    Decide on the studying time, cleaning and visiting hours. Not only will it make your routine easier, but it can also help to avoid misunderstanding and quarrels.

    Discuss the problems at once

    You will escape many fights if you start talking about the problem once you feel it's necessary. When you accumulate the little things, they grow bigger and you may say some unpleasant things you don't really mean. Your dormmates simply cannot know or notice some things.   32   .

    Respect Your Dormmates and Their Stuff

    Using without asking is the cause of most conflicts and misunderstandings between dormmates.    33   . If you think that wearing their cosmetics is okay, they may think in an absolutely different way. Always ask for permission when you want to borrow, use or take any item.

    Get to Know Each Other Better

    You won't become best friends at once, but you can do a lot in order to develop a good relationship from the very start.    34   . Everybody loves to be asked questions about their personality. Getting to know each other will make your living together less stressful and you may have pretty much in common!

       35

Your dormmates may be from other countries with different traditions, religion and views. Be careful with the stereotypes (刻板印象) and prejudgment, your ideas about the subject may be skindeep and incorrect. Most probably your overseas dormmates will need some help during the period of adaptation to the new surrounding and lifestyle. Sharing a room with an international student is a unique chance to learn another culture and language. Don't miss it!

A. Learning from each other

B. Tolerance (宽容) Makes a Difference

C. Tell them your own interests and preferences

D. This is the essential rule of any good relationship

E. That's why communication is always the right thing to consider

F. Take an interest in their hobbies, family or academic preferences

G. Being dormmates doesn't mean sharing everything with each other

**第三部分 英语知识运用（共两节，满分45分）**

1. **完形填空（共20小题；每小题1.5分，满分30分）**

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Lisa Condie is a woman in her sixties. She runs a business in Italy. Why did she  36  a business there? Here is her  37   .

    At 56, Lisa Condie had two 38  for a trip to Europe. However, she had no one to go  \_\_39\_\_ because she broke up with her boyfriend, which  40   her plan for a romantic (浪漫的) trip. Lisa wondered if the rest of her life was just about staying on her own and being  41 . She was no longer a wife  42 her husband died early. And her kids had all  43 and left her. She had no idea what to do with the rest of her 44 .

    Condie spent a few sad days in Rome alone, not 45 Italian or knowing her way around. However, at the end of her trip, she cried at the thought of  46  the magical place. Being alone in Italy helped her realize that she was  47  strong, smart, and in control of her life.  She decided right then that she would one day  48  and live there.

Two years later, Condie lived out her  49 .  Now she lives in Florence and runs a tour company for women  50  Italy — A Better Way to Travel in Italy. So far, her business has been  51 . "I can show them life doesn't have to be over at some point of life. It can  52  anytime you like. You can have  53  again. I do think there's some magic in women  54 women," she said.  "I feel everybody has a dream that can bring them back to life. As  55 , we often support other people's dreams, but we also need to realize our own dreams."

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 36.   A. join | B. close | C. discover | D. begin |
| 37. A. trouble | B. news | C. story | D. attitude |
| 38. A. plans | B. tickets | C. reasons | D. wishes |
| 39. A. with | B. against | C. for | D. after |
| 40. A. avoided | B. mined | C. developed | D. prepared |
| 41. A. awake | B. healthy | C. alone | D. strong |
| 42.   A. if | B. unless | C. although | D. because |
| 43.   A. come up | B. turned up | C. grown up | D. cheered up |
| 44. A. trip | B. age | C. business | D. life |
| 45. A. accepting | B. speaking | C. learning | D. forgetting |
| 46. A. leaving | B. exploring | C. admiring | D. cleaning |
| 47. A. probably | B. usually | C. actually | D. hardly |
| 48. A. serve | B. return | C. appear | D. observe |
| 49. A. dream | B. worry | C. adventure | D. interest |
| 50. A. paying a visit to | B. thinking highly of | C. making good use of | D. looking forward to |
| 51. A. disappointing | B. unknown | C. great | D. stressful |
| 52. A. continue | B. start | C. turn | D. end |
| 53. A. pain | B. safety | C. permission | D. joy |
| 54. A. teaching | B. supporting | C. meeting | D. leading |
| 55. A. parents | B. tourists | C. women | D. friends |

**第二节（共25小题；每小题1分，满分25分）**

1. 按提示填词的正确形式。

56. People take the underground to avoid the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (人群) on the road.

57. You should be brave to meet the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (挑战) of the new life.

58. He learned Japanese through d\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ learning instead of going to school daily.

59. Every simple act of kindness \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (要紧) in our society.

60. It is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(放松的) to listen to music while enjoying delicious snacks made by my father.

61. If you don’t like the topic, let’s s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to another one.

62. Some may get married under \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (社会的) pressure.

63. How about putting away your smelly socks and starting to get \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (井井有条)?

64. You may feel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (压力大的) at the beginning but you will soon be used to it.

65. He successfully won \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (支持) from his parents and became a volunteer teacher.

1. 从方框中选择短语，在句子中填入其正确形式(有两项多余)

|  |
| --- |
| be supposed to; complain to sb; prefer to do; suffer from; be on a diet; free of; at the moment |

66. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to lose weight but soon gave up.

67. The lecturer \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ turn up at 6 but was late for 30 minutes.

68. The pills will be of help to people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ headache.

69. I am afraid the manager is not available \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Please call back later.

70. Rather than ride a bike, he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ take the bus.

三、阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Zhangtian, 71.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ graduate from university, took 72.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the volunteer work as a teacher in a remote village.

Though he was excited and imagined 73.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (live) an interesting life, he faced many difficulties, including unstable water and power 74.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(supply), as well as the poor conditions in the village school.

However, he made quick adaptation and 75.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (bring) changes not only to the school, 76.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the local people. Through his efforts and contributions, the school life is 77.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (healthy) and livelier than before.

He had intended 78.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (stay) for one year, but now he 79.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(feel) ready to stay for another year. He is a truly 80.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(amaze) person.

**第四部分 写作（共两节，满分30分）**

第一节 应用文写作（满分15分）

假如你是李华，你的笔友Jane最近总是感觉身体不适，因此写信向你询问如何保持身体健康， 请你根据以下要点提示用英文给他回信。   
要点提示：   
​1. 合理饮食，避免吃脂肪高及含糖多得食物，多吃新鲜蔬菜和水果   
2. 锻炼身体，合理锻炼有助身体健康   
3. 保证充足睡眠，不要熬夜。   
4. 你的其它建议…   
字数：100词左右（信的开头和结尾已给但不计入总数,可适当增加细节）。   
Dear Jane,

   I’m delighted to hear from you, but I’ve learned you aren’t feeling well these days. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Yours sincerely

      Li Hua

**第二节 概要写作（满分15分）**

阅读下面短文，根据其内容写一篇60词左右的内容概要。

Teens Aren't Getting Enough Sleep

Most teens need about 8 to more than 9 hours of sleep each night. The right amount of sleep is essential for anyone who wants to do well in tests or sports. And lack of sleep impacts everything from a person’s ability to pay attention in class to his or her mood. It also damages teens’ ability to do their best in athletics. Unfortunately, research shows that many teens don't get enough sleep and more than 20% of high school students fall asleep in class.

Until recently, teens were often blamed for staying up late, oversleeping for school, and falling asleep in class. But recent studies show that adolescent sleep patterns actually differ from those of adults or kids.

These studies show that during the teen years, the body's circadian rhythm (昼夜节奏), which is controlled by a biological clock in the brain, is temporarily reset, telling a person to fall asleep later and wake up later. This change seems to be due to the fact that the brain hormone melatonin (褪黑素) is produced later at night for teens than it is for kids and adults. This can make it harder for teens to fall asleep early.

These changes in the body's circadian rhythm are in line with a time when we're busier than ever. For most teens, the pressure to do well in school is more intense than when they were kids, and it's harder to get by without studying hard. And teens also have other time demands—everything from sports and other extracurricular activities (课外活动) to fitting in a part-time job to save money for college.

Early start times in some schools may also play a role in this sleep deficit. Teens who fall asleep after midnight may still have to get up early for school, meaning that they may only squeeze in 6 or 7 hours of sleep a night. A couple hours of missed sleep a night may not seem like a big deal, but can create a noticeable sleep deficit over time.

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